

Small UAS

Key Testing Areas

TO APPLY FOR A sUAS RATING YOU MUST:

01

AGE

Be at least 16 years of age

02

ENGLISH

Read, write, and speak, and understand the English language (Exceptions will be made for medical reasons)

03

CONDITION

Be in a physical and mental condition that would not interfere with the safe operation of sUAS

04

TRAINING

Fulfill training and testing requirements

PART 107

DEFINITIONS

The FAA Breaks The Crew Down Into 3 Main Members



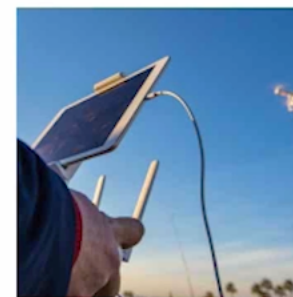
Remote PIC

A person who holds a current remote pilot certificate with an sUAS rating and has the final authority and responsibility for the operation and safety of the sUAS



Visual Observer

A person acting as a flight crewmember to help see and avoid air traffic or other objects in the sky, overhead, or on the ground



The Person Manipulating The Controls

A person controlling the sUAS under direct supervision of the Remote PIC

REMOTE PIC RESPONSIBILITY



01 FINAL AUTHORITY

The Remote PIC has the final authority and responsibility for the operation and safety of the sUAS

02 SEE & AVOID

The Remote PIC also has a responsibility to remain clear of and yield right-of-way to all other aircraft, manned or unmanned, and avoid other potential hazards that may affect the Remote PIC's operation of the aircraft. This is traditionally referred to as "see and avoid"

03 RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CREW

The Remote PIC must ensure all crewmembers who are participating in the operation are not impaired by drugs or alcohol

REMOTE PIC RESPONSIBILITY



04 OPERATING CONDITION

The responsibility to inspect the small unmanned aircraft system (sUAS) to ensure it is in a safe operating condition rests with the Remote PIC

05 VISUAL LINE OF SIGHT

The Remote PIC must ensure that they or their crew always maintain visual line of sight on their sUAS. The Remote PIC or person manipulating the controls may have brief moments in which he or she is not looking directly at or cannot see the small unmanned aircraft, but still retains the capability to see it or quickly maneuver it back to line of sight

06 YIELD THE RIGHT OF WAY

The Remote PIC must ensure that they or the person manipulating the controls yield right-of-way to all other aircraft, including aircraft operating on the surface of the airport

REMOTE PIC RESPONSIBILITY



07 **KNOW** THE SURROUNDINGS

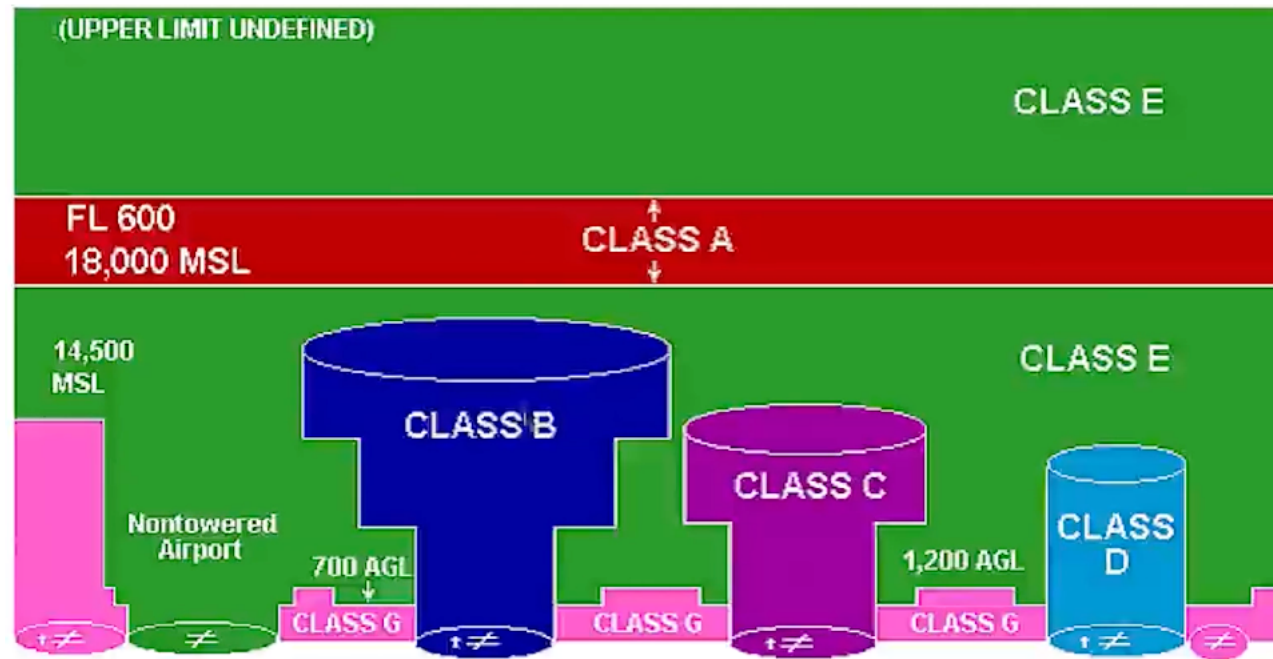
Know the location and flight path of his or her small unmanned aircraft at all times. Be aware of other aircraft, persons, and property in the vicinity of the operating area

08 **AIRSPACE**

The Remote PIC must know and understand what airspace they are operating in and seek approval from the controlling agency if approval is required

09 **CERTIFICATE** OF WAIVER

If the Remote PIC determines that the operation cannot be conducted within the regulatory structure of part 107, he or she is responsible for applying for a Certificate of Waiver in accordance with 14 CFR part 107.200 and proposing a safe alternative to the operation



CLASS B = SOLID BLUE LINE

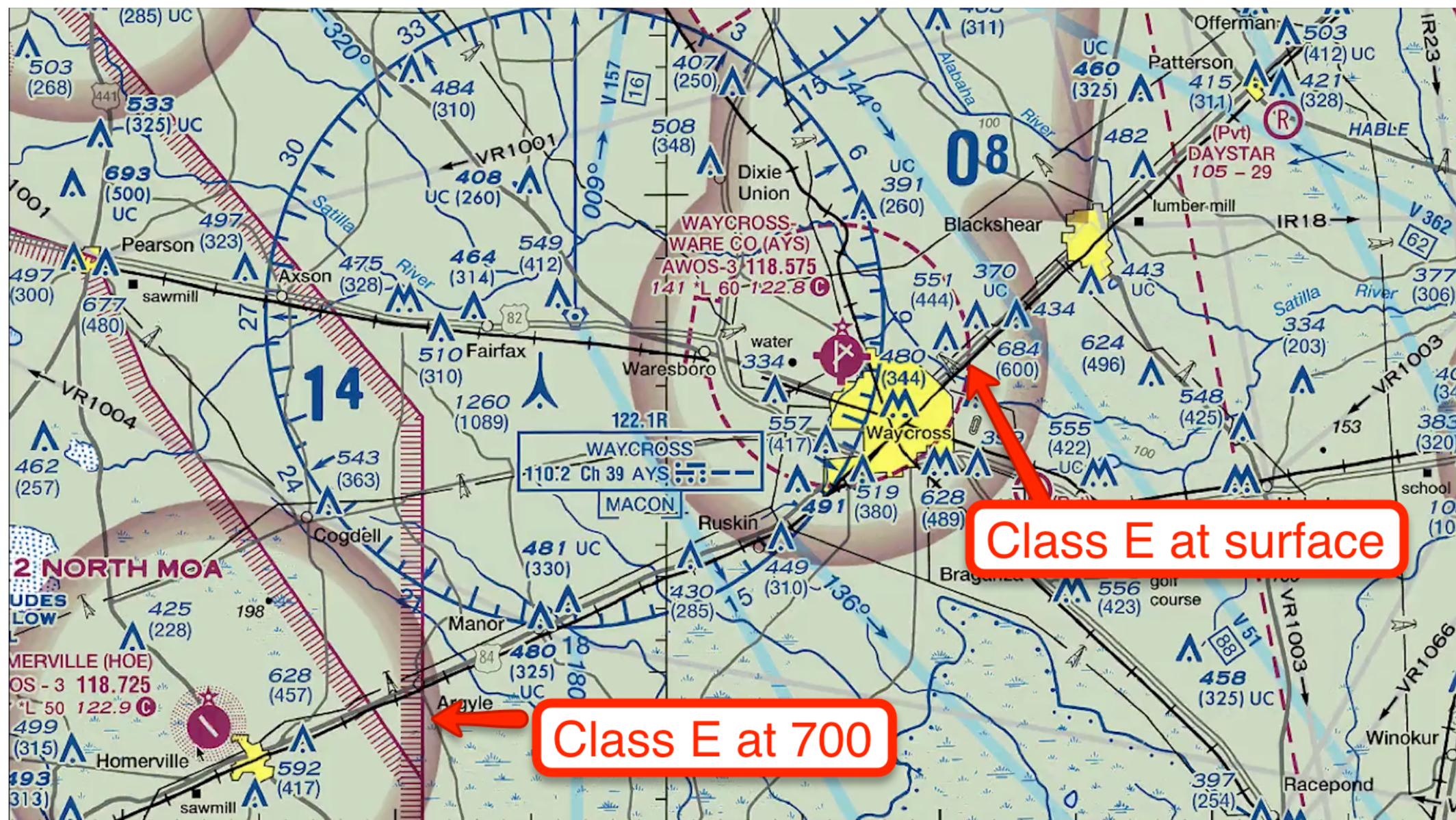
CLASS C = SOLID MAGENTA LINE

CLASS D = DASHED BLUE LINE

CLASS E = DASHED MAGENTA LINE

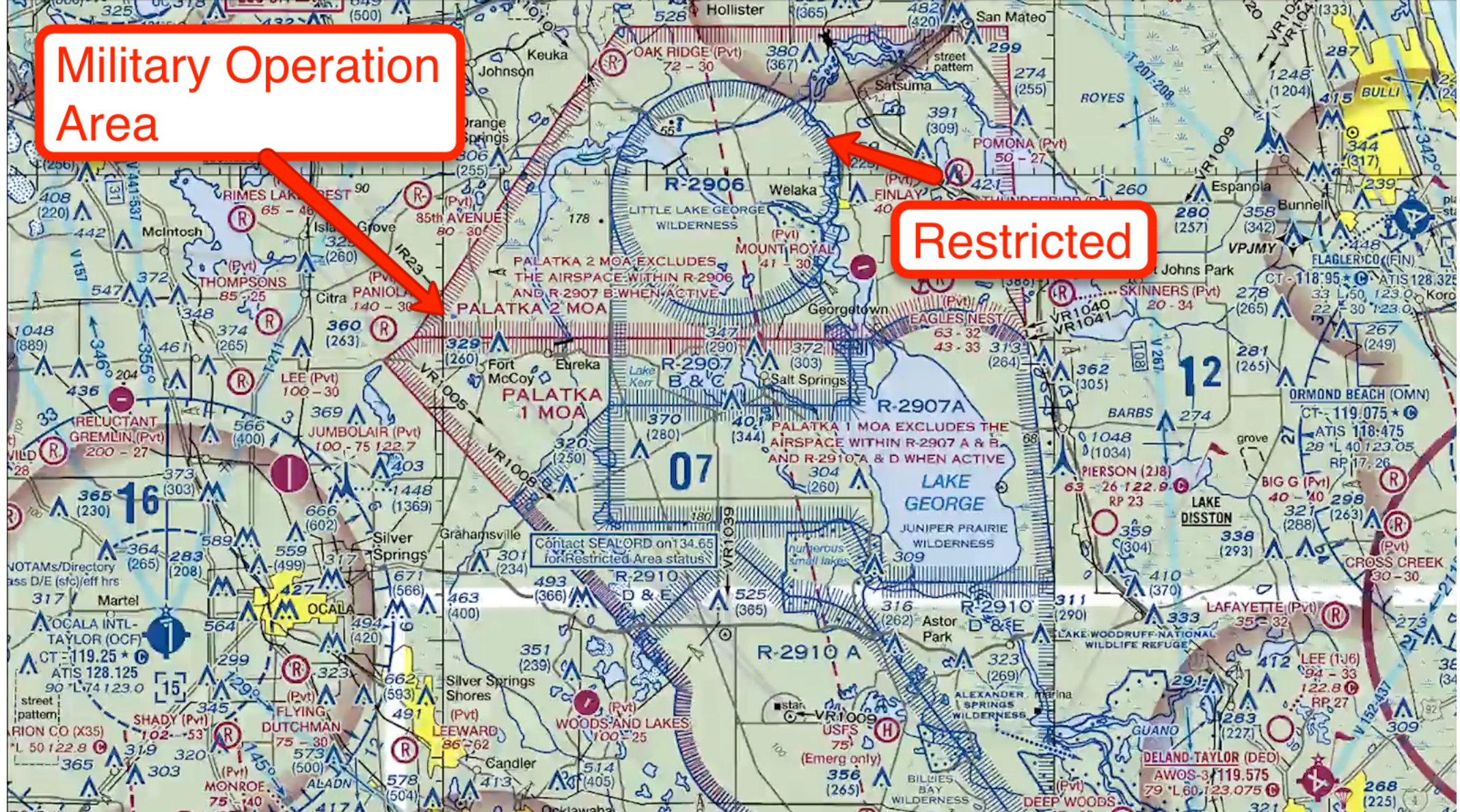
Glass E starts at 700 or 1200 feet AGL - above the highest obstacle...

Class E can start at surface if dashsed. SEE <https://skyvector.com/>



Military Operation
Area

Restricted



Can fly into Restricted (with approval), MOA, Alert area, Warning area. Prohibited area - NO

Weather

Metar & Tafs

Aviationweather.gov

Fog- temp/dew point converge

1. Radiation Fog (no wind)
2. Advection Fog (cool surface warm air over cold water)
3. Upslope fog
4. Steam fog

Low - <6500

Middle – Altocumulus and altostratus (alto – middle)

High – cumulonimbus

Lenticular – rainier

Nimbo - rain

METAR (Aviation Routine Weather Report)

Issued +55 past the hour and valid hourly

Example:

METAR KJFK 242235Z 28024G36KT 7SM -RA BR BKN009 OVC020CB 26/24 A2998 RMK AO2 SLP993 T02640238 56012

KJFK - Station ID

242235Z - Prepared on the 24th at 2235 Zulu (UTC)

28024G36KT - Winds are from 280 at 24 Knots Gusting to 36 Knots

7SM - Visibility 7 Statute Miles

-RA BR - Light Rain (-RA) Mist (BR)

BKN009 OVC020CB - Ceiling 900ft broken, 2,000ft Overcast, Cumulonimbus

26/24 - Temperature 26 degrees C, dew point 24 degrees C

A2998 - Altimeter 29.98

RMK - Remarks

AO2 - Station has automatic precipitation discriminator

SLP993 - Sea level pressure 999.3 hectopascals (add either a "9" or "10" whichever makes the number closest to 1,000

T02640238 - Exact Temperature 26.4, Exact Dewpoint 23.8

56012 - Atmospheric Pressure lower since previous 3 hours ago ("5" means Atmospheric Pressure. If the next number is a 1,2,3 the Atmospheric Pressure has increased since the previous 3 hours. 4 means it has stayed the same, 5,6,7,8 Means its has decreased. In our case it has decreased "thus the 6" by .12

Quick Weather Help:

- Light Moderate

+ Heavy

VC In the Vicinity

MI Shallow

PR Partial

BC Patches

DR Low Drifting

BL Blowing

SH Shower(s)

TS Thunderstorm

FZ Freezing

DZ Drizzle

RA Rain

SN Snow

SG Snow Grains

IC Ice Crystals

PL Ice Pellets

GR Hail

GS Small Hail and/or Snow Pellets

UP Unknown Precipitation

BR Mist

FG Fog

FU Smoke

VA Volcanic Ash

DU Widespread Dust

SA Sand

HZ Haze

PY Spray

PO Well-Developed Dust/Sand Whirls

SQ Squalls

FC Funnel Cloud Tornado Waterspout

SS Sandstorm

SS Duststorm

STABLE AIR

✓ **STRATIFORM** CLOUDS

Look for Stratus Clouds

✓ **FAIR** TO POOR VIS

Visibility Lower Than Normal

✓ **CONTINUOUS** PRECIPITATION

Precipitation Falls at a Constant and Continuous Rate

UNSTABLE AIR

✓ **CUMULUS** CLOUDS

Look for Building Cumulus Clouds

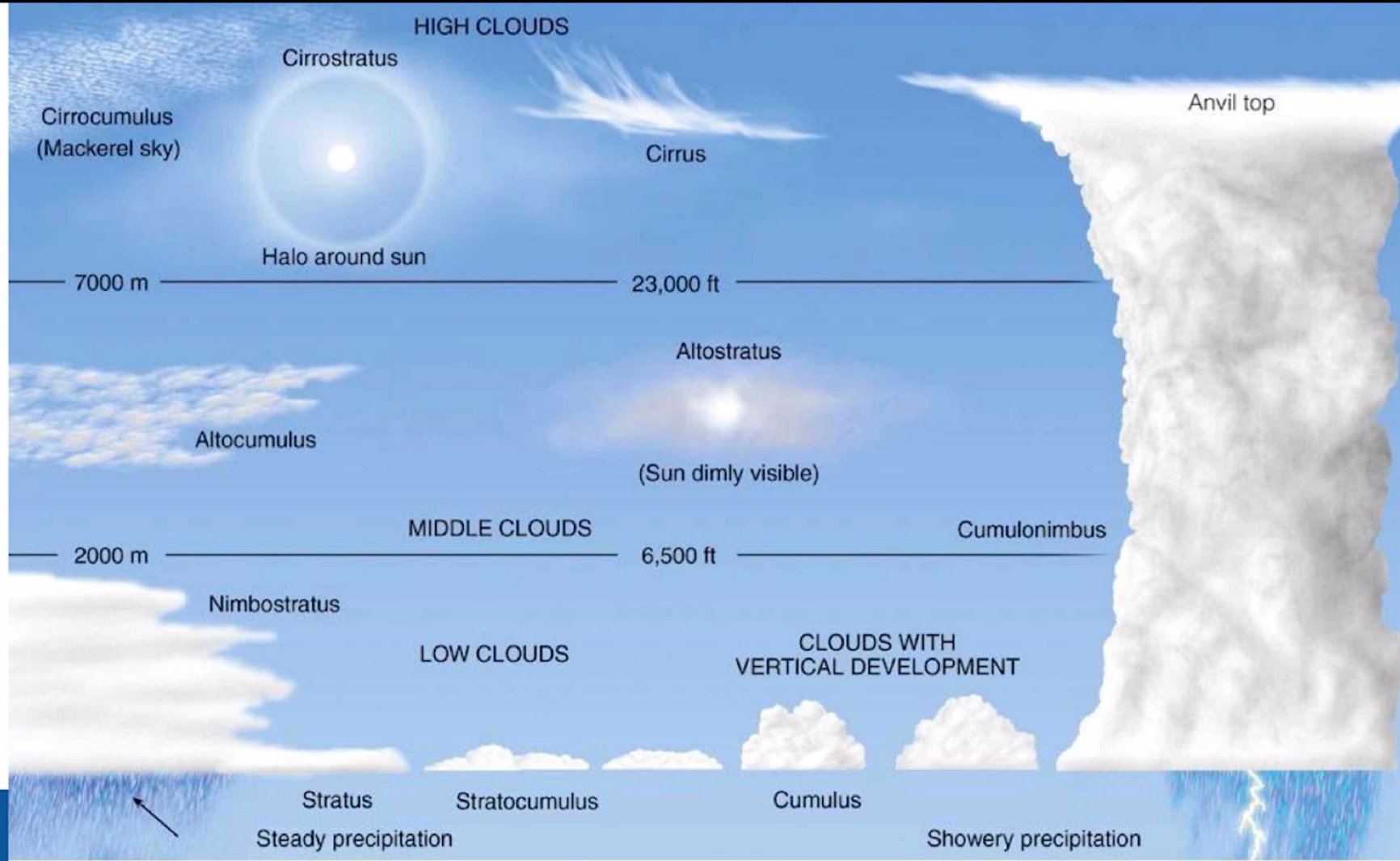
✓ **GOOD** VISIBILITY

Visibility Will Appear Fine

✓ **SHOWERY** PRECIPITATION

Precipitation Falls Inconsistently and Would Be Defined As Showery

HEMS tool – life flight tool



Notam & TFR

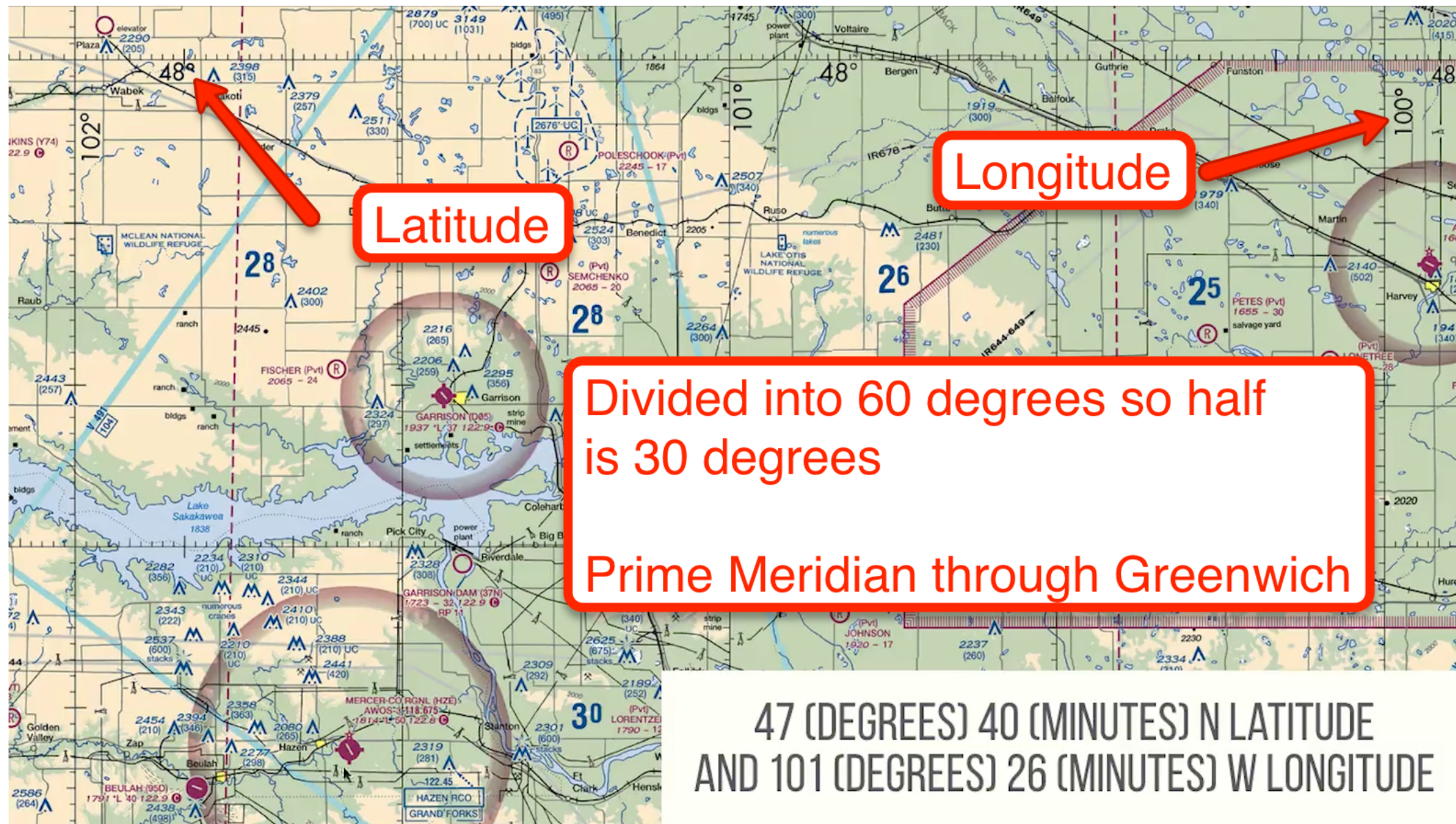
Drotams – see skyvector.com

Notams – updates on TFRs, GPS issues, etc.

If get inspected will ask for 1. certificate 2. how get Notam and TFR data

Flight planning app. – search for Notam

TFR – temporary flight restrictions. Google FAA TFR – tfr.faa.gov or skyvector.com



Blue airports are manned ATC. Red no ATC

FAA

I FLY SAFE

All drones are aircraft—even the ones at the toy store.
So when I fly a drone I am a pilot.
Before I fly I always go through my pre-flight check list.
I regularly check the safety guidelines at faa.gov/uas

 **Federal Aviation
Administration**

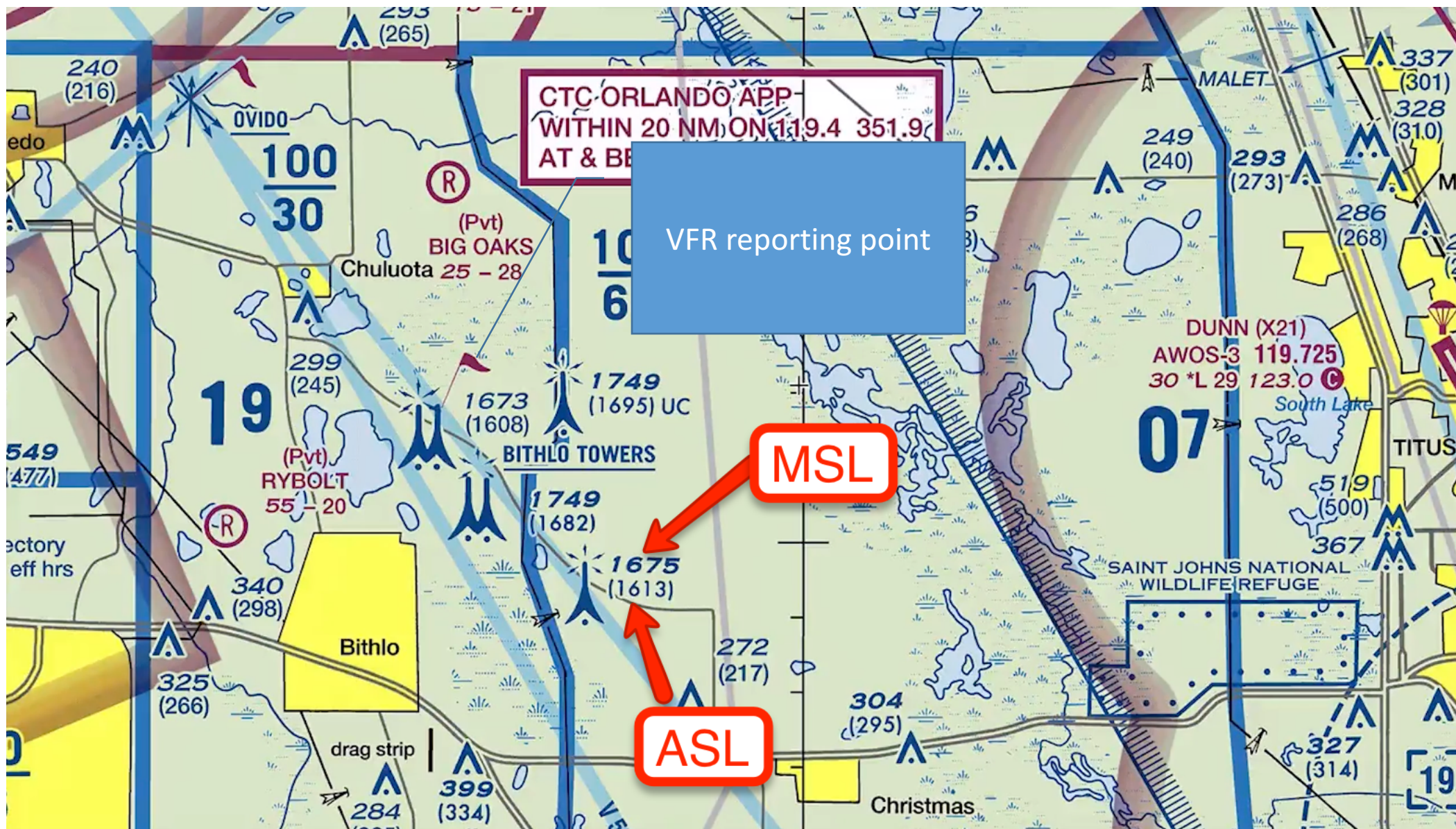
FLY SMART, FLY SAFE, AND HAVE FUN!

knowbeforeyoufly.org | faa.gov/uas

PRE-FLIGHT CHECKLIST

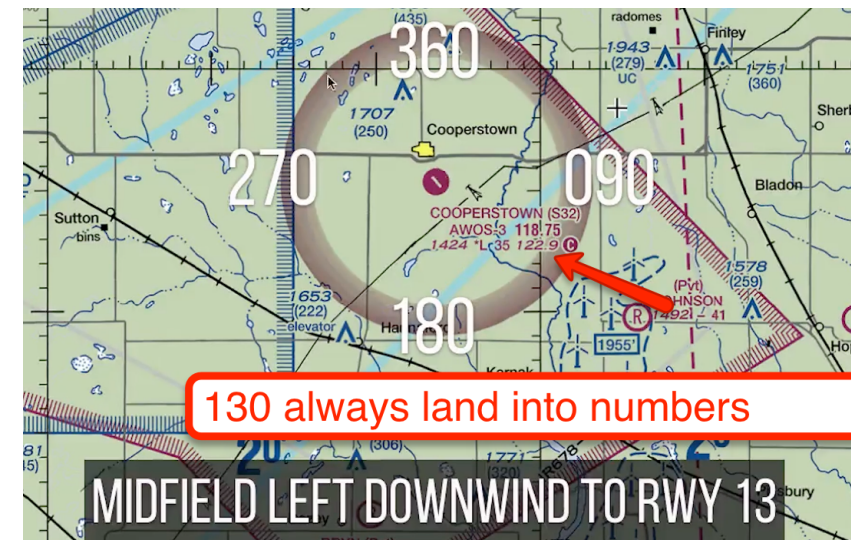
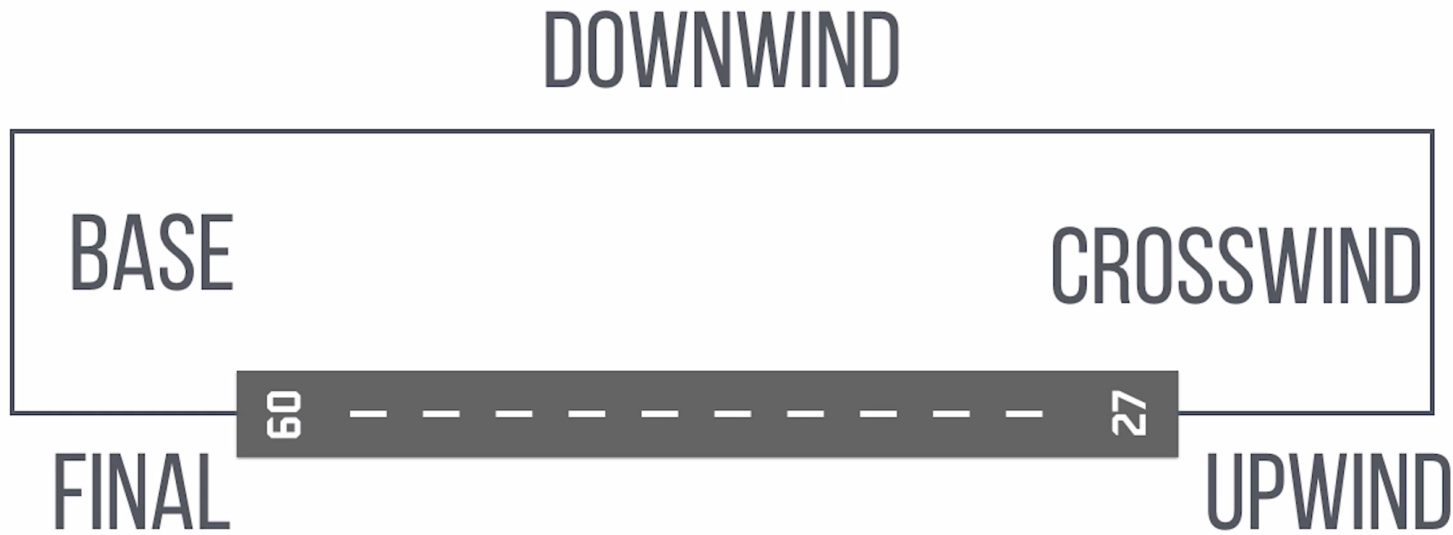
- I fly below 400 feet
- I always fly within visual line of sight
- I'm aware of FAA airspace requirements: faa.gov/go/uastfr
- I never fly over groups of people
- I never fly over stadiums and sports events
- I never fly within 5 miles of an airport without first contacting air traffic control and airport authorities
- I never fly near emergency response efforts such as fires
- I never fly near other aircraft
- I never fly under the influence

THE MOST COMMONLY USED SUAS FREQUENCIES ARE 2.4GHZ AND 5.8GHZ



MSL - Means Sea Level \ ASL - Above Ground Level R circle private, Circle public airport

Recommend rectangular traffic pattern usually to left.
09 is to east and 27 is to west based on magnetic north.





Phantom 2 Vision + Mission Checklists

psFlight.org

Arrival Checklist

1. If day and operating out of back of vehicle, point vehicle into sun.
2. Remove case and place on level surface.
3. Check distance to nearest airport and/or controlled airspace using smartphone or tablet app.
4. If required, use VHF aviation transceiver, to contact tower of field if closer than 5 NM.
5. Inform tower / CTAF of UAS ops, location, and max height of flight.

Preflight Checklist

1. Remove transmitter.
2. Router - On
3. Transmitter - On
4. Toggle Switches - Full Up
5. Video Monitor - On
6. Remove UAS from case.
7. Gimbal Lock & Lens Cap - Removed
8. Micro-SD card - Inserted.
9. UAS Battery - Inserted
10. Place UAS in clear and safe launch and recovery position if it returns to home.
11. UAS Battery - On
12. Wifi Connection to Monitor - Verified
13. DJI Application - Load
14. DJI application - Connect to Camera
15. SD Card - Format
16. Camera - Full Up
17. Satellite Connections - Verified
18. Charge Levels - Safe for Flight
19. Video Recording - Start
20. Takeoff

After Takeoff Checklist

1. Hover approximately ten feet above the ground to confirm UAS is under control.
2. All sticks operate correctly while in hover - Verified

Pre-Landing Checklist

1. Camera - Full Up
2. Video Recorder - Stop
3. Landing Zone - Clear / Safe

Post-Landing Checklist - Returning to Flight Immediately

1. Battery - Remove & Replace
2. Wifi Connection to Monitor - Verified
3. DJI application - Connect to Camera
4. Takeoff

End of Ops Checklist

1. Battery - Off
2. Transmitter - Off
3. Router - Off
4. Notify Tower/CTAF - End of Ops

FIVE HAZARDOUS ATTITUDES



This WILL Be on The Knowledge Test!

01 ANTI-AUTHORITY

02 IMPULSIVITY

03 INVULNERABILITY

04 MACHO

05 RESIGNATION